Linux Command Summary

Directory Navigation and Listing		
cd	change to home directory	
cd	go up to parent directory	
cd subdir	change to subdirectory subdir	
ls	list content of current directory	
ls -l	list content with details	
ls -a	list content including hidden files	

File Commands		
cp src dest	copy src file to dest file	
cp -r sDir dDir	copy "recursively" sDir directory to	
	dDir directory (copies subdirectories	
	too)	
mv src dest	move - renames src as dest	
rm fileName	removes file fileName	
rm -r dirName	removes directory recursively	
rmdir dirName	removes empty dirName	
mkdir dirName	makes directory called dirName	
chmod 750 file1	change permission of file1 by	
	specifying a three digit octal # where	
	digits are owner, group, world	
	each octal digit in binary are:	
	read (4), write (2), execute (1)	
cat file1	display file1 to screen	
less file1	display file1 with pagination	
	(space - next page, q-exit, \uparrow , \downarrow - keys)	

Process Management	
ba	List processes with pid
top	Shows the real-time processes
kill -9 pid	Kills the process with pid #

Keyboard Shortcuts		
<tab></tab>	Auto-complete partial file	
	name	
<ctrl>+c</ctrl>	Kill current command/program	
<ctrl>+z</ctrl>	Sleep current program	
<^>	Recall previous command(s)	
<ctrl>+d</ctrl>	log-off and close terminal	
exit		

"Programming" Tools	
nano file.c	Simple text-editor
vi file.c	Better C/C++ editor
gcc file.c	C compiler: compile to a.out
	Options:
-o exeFile	compile to exeFile instead
	completo exer i i e instead
./a.out	execute program in current
	directory (".") called a.out
time exeFile	run exeFile and print timing
	when done
script out.txt	capture output to file out.txt
	<ctrl>+d to end</ctrl>

Connect via ssh to a machine:

\$>ssh user_name@server_name