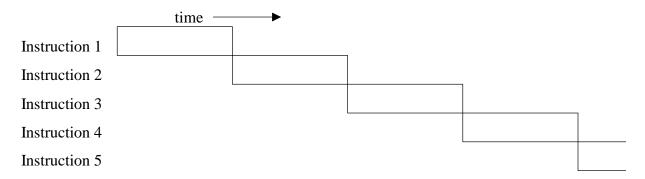
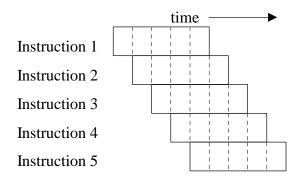
### **Serial Execution**

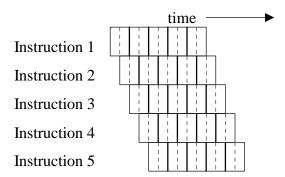


Pipelined Execution - Original RISC goal is to complete one instruction per clock cycle

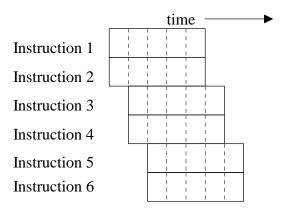


Advanced Architectures - multiple instructions completed per clock cycle

1. superpipelined (e.g., MIPS R4000)- split each stage into substages to create finer-grain stages

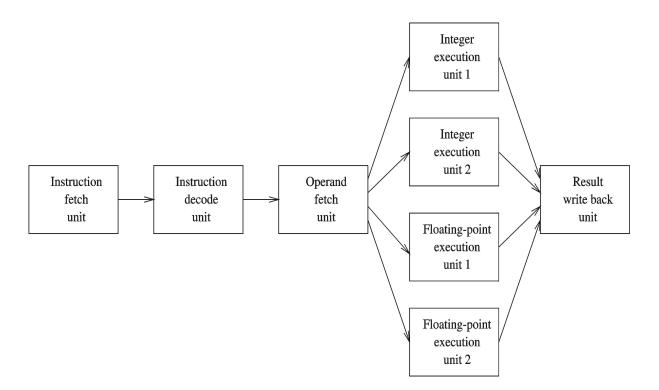


2. *superscalar* (e.g., Intel Pentium, AMD Athlon)- multiple instructions in the same stage of execution in duplicate pipeline hardware



Alternatively, several instructions in the "execute" stage on different functional units

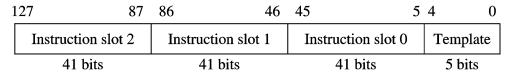
3. *very-long-instruction-word, VLIW* (e.g., Intel Itanium) - compiler encodes multiple operations into a long instruction word so hardware can schedule these operations at run-time on multiple functional units *without analysis* 



# **Itanium Processor**

### **Interesting Features:**

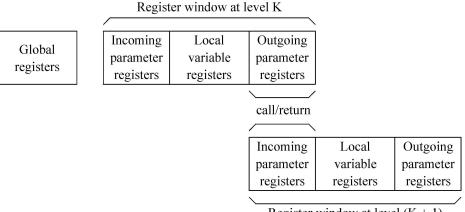
• Uses *explicit parallel instruction computing (EPIC)* from *very-long-instruction-word (VLIW)* architecture. In EPIC the compiler encodes multiple operations into a long instruction word so hardware can schedule these operations at run-time on multiple functional units without analysis, called *static multiple-issue*. On the Itanium, a three instruction bundle is read.



template field maps instruction slots to execution types (integer ALU, non-ALU integer, memory, floating-point, branch, and extended)

Processor	Max. instr.	Functional	Max. ops.	Max.	Transistors	SPEC	SPEC
	issue per	units	per	clock	(millions)	int2000	fp2000
	clock		clock	rate			
Itanium	6	4 integer	9	0.8 GHz	25	379	701
		2 memory					
		3 branch					
		2 FP					
Itanium 2	6	6 integer	11	1.5 GHz	221	810	1427
		4 memory					
		3 branch					
		2 FP					

• Provides hardware support for efficient procedure calls and returns -- large number of registers (128 general-purpose and 128 fl. pt. registers) with overlapping register windows



Register window at level (K + 1)

Itanium: first 32 registers for global variables and remaining 96 registers for local variables and parameters.

- Features to Enhance ILP:
  - (1) Predication of eliminate branches 64 1-bit "Predicate registers",
  - (2) Hiding memory latency by speculative loads (control speculation),
  - (3) Hiding memory latency when branching is involved (data speculation), and
  - (4) Hardware support to dynamically unroll a loop.

# Itanium AL Instruction Examples

Instruction groups - Set of instructions that do not have conflicting dependencies

- Can be executed in parallel
- Compiler/assembler can indicate this by ;; notation

Processor can execute as many instructions from group as it can »Depends on the available resources

### Data transfer instructions

»Load and store instructions are more complicated than a typical RISC processor

Load instruction formats

- (qp) ldSZ.ldtype.ldhint r1=[r3]
- (qp) ldSZ.ldtype.ldhint r1=[r3],r2
- (qp) ldSZ.ldtype.ldhint r1=[r3],imm9

»Loads SZ bytes from memory

- -SZ can be 1, 2, 4, or 8 to load 1, 2, 4, or 8 bytes
- —Example:

**ldtype** - This completer can be used to specify special load operations

**ldhint** - Locality of memory access

None – Temporal locality, level 1

**nt** 1 − No temporal locality, level 1

**nt a** − No temporal locality, all levels

Three techniques for Reducing Branch Penalties:

Branch elimination - Best way to handle branches is not to have branches

Possible to eliminate some types of branches

Branch speedup - Reduce the delay associated with branches Reorder instructions

```
sub r6 = r7, r8;; // cycle1
sub r9 = r10, r6
ld8 r4 = [r5];; // cycle 2 (ld takes two cycles to fetch from L1)
add r11 = r12, r4 // cycle 4

Reorder instruction
ld8 r4 = [r5];; // cycle 1 (ld takes two cycles to fetch from L1)
```

sub r6 = r7, r8; // cycle 2 sub r9 = r10, r6add r11 = r12, r4 // cycle 3

Branch prediction - Discussed before

Control Speculation -- speculative load

## **Control Speculation**

Consider the following Itanium code:

```
cmp.eq p1, p0 = r10, 10  // cycle 0  
(p1) br.cond end_if;;  // cycle 0  
ld8  r1 = [r2];;  // cycle 1 (loads take 2 cycles)  
add  r3 = r1, r4  // cycle 3
```

end\_if: ...

We'd like to move the load (ld8) instruction earlier in the code to avoid the latency, but we don't know if the load should ultimately be performed because of the branch, **and the load will not cause an exception** (e.g., r2 points to null).

The Itanium provides a speculative load (ld.s) instruction to use in these cases.

recovery:

code to recover from the exception

If the ld.s instruction causes an exception, the exception is not raised immediately, but delayed until the chk.s instruction is encountered. If the branch is taken, the hardware ensures that the results produced by the speculative load do not update r1.

## **Data Speculation -- Ambiguous Data Dependency**

Ambiguous Data Dependency - dependencies between load and store instructions which use pointers to access memory

st8 
$$[r9] = r6$$
  
ld8  $r4 = [r5]$ 

Since the pointer values (r9 and r5) are calculated at run-time and are not know by the compiler, a store instruction to memory followed by a load instruction from memory would have a dependency if two instructions referenced the same part of memory.

On the Itanium, advance load (ld.a) instruction is used to start a load well in advance of the instruction that needs the value read. Before using the value prefetched by the advance load instruction, we can check to see if a subsequent store might have caused an ambiguous data dependency using the check load (ld.c) instruction. For example,

```
ld8.a r4 = [r5]  // cycle 0 or earlier
...
sub r6 = r7, r8 ;;  // cycle 1

st8 [r9] = r6  // cycle 2

ld8.c r4 = [r5]
add r11 = r12, r4 ;;

st8 [r10] = r11  // cycle 3
```

The advance load (ld8.a) starts the load well in advance of the "add" instruction that needs the value loaded into r4. If the store (st8) instruction refers to the same memory as the advance load, then the value read into r4 is garbage. If such a dependency exists, the check load (ld8.c) instruction automatically reexecutes the load and the add instruction.

Software Pipelining Example form text....