COACHING THE ARTIST WITHIN

Advice for Writers, Actors, Visual Artists & Musicians from America's Foremost Creativity Coach creativity self-coach's prime enemy

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You can use the following simple three-step procedure when you act as your own cognitive therapist: First, you notice your thoughts and identify those that don't serve you. This means growing aware of your linguistic tricks and understanding what your self-talk actually signifies. Second, you dispute those self-sabotaging thoughts. You say - silently or out loud - "No, I don't buy that!" Third, you substitute a new, useful thought.

Here is how this process would sound:

Example One

"I can't write if I outline. Outlining kills the creative spark in me."

"No! It's just that I'm feeling anxious about outlining my article and want an excuse to run from the task."

"I can write with an outline, and I can write without an outline. I can even write in the shower with a bar of soap! I can do whatever is necessary, and today what seems necessary is that I quiet my nerves, sit still, and outline."

Example Two

"For some people, writing is easy. For me, it is very hard. Therefore, I must not be a writer."

"Wow, was that a wonderful excuse!"

"Sometimes writing is easy, and sometimes writing is hard. So sometimes I will have it easy, and sometimes I will have it hard. Welcome to life."

Example Three

"I can't possibly write before breakfast. My rumbling stomach would distract me."

"Right! Very cute, mind."

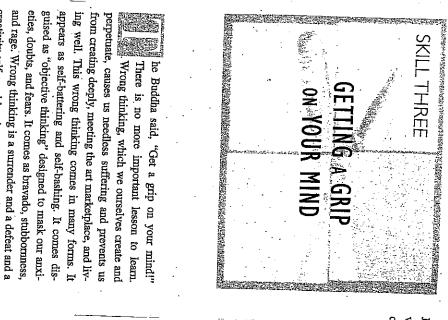
"I can write morning, noon, and night."

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seemed to remove the sting from his blue reactions self-criticisms, however, he was able to recognize become depressed. By becoming aware of these After having one of thing right" or "How can anybody be so dumb?" he would think "I'm a dope" or "I never do any making a mistake. At the next interview he reported the observation that whenever he made a mistake He was instructed to focus on his thoughts the next mistakes and that it was an inevitable part of living time he felt an unpleasant affect in connection with notion that there was nothing wrong in making these thoughts he Depression [New York

cognitive therapy, explained: world of difference. Aaron Beck, one of the founders of Just really noticing what you say to yourself can make a

wrong thinking and then substitute more helpful thoughts tive work with blocked writers, had them first notice their

Psychology professor Robert Boice, who does cogni-

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made a mistake and he couldn't understand why

patient reported that he felt blue every time he

he should

feel

this way.

He fully accepted

the

(Professors as Writers [Stillwater, Okla.: New Forums relaxing thoughts that would help them get on task ing and other tactics, to substitute more positive thought substitution. Clients were taught, via modeland self-doubt. Later, attention was shifted ing by competing for time and/or by inducing anxiety recognizing how these thoughts interfered with writ-Emphasis in early therapy sessions was placed on wonder what I'll make for dinner tomorrow?"). I add to it?"), or that simply distracted them (e.g., what gets published today is garbage; why should washed"), that demeaned the task (e.g., avoidance (e.g., "I really have to get the car at this stage tended to list thoughts that encouraged were typically counterproductive to writing. Clients

Initially, the cognitions of these blocked writers to tsoM,

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